What's in Store for the Next Generation: Freight Transportation Growth

presented to Third Annual Texas Transportation Forum Austin

presented by Allan Rutter Cambridge Systematics, Inc.

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Transportation leadership you can trust.



Growth in Freight Transportation: Topics to Be Discussed Today

Examine current and future trends in truck and rail freight transportation

Identify other issues to be considered as freight volumes increase

- How much will need to be invested?
- What are the public policy implications?



Freight Tonnage Forecast By Mode 2005-2035



Source: Global Insight, Inc., 2004 TRANSEARCH data and economic forecasts.



Trucks



Truck Traffic on U.S. Highways 2004





Anticipated Truck Volumes





Growth in Truck Volumes 2005 to 2035





Percent Growth in Truck Volumes 2005 to 2035





Estimated Peak Congestion on National Highway System 2035





Freight Rail



Primary Rail Freight Corridors





Current Corridor Volumes 2005 Freight Trains and 2007 Passenger Trains Per Day





Current Train Volumes Compared to Current Train Capacity





Future Corridor Volumes 2035 Freight Trains and 2007 Passenger Trains Per Day





Growth in Trains Per Day 2005 to 2035





Percentage Growth in Trains Per Day 2005 to 2035





Future Corridor Volumes Compared to Current Corridor Capacity 2035 Without Improvements





Rail System Investment Needed (\$000s)

Infrastructure Improvement	Class I Freight Railroads	Short Line and Regional Freight Railroads	Totals
Line Haul Expansion	\$94,750	\$320	\$95,070
Major Bridges, Tunnels, and Clearance	\$19,400	\$5,000	\$24,400
Branch Line Upgrades	\$2,390	\$7,230	\$9,620
Intermodal Terminal Expansion	\$9,320		\$9,320
Carload Terminal Expansion	\$6,620		\$6,620
Service Facilities	\$2,550		\$2,550
Totals	\$135,030	\$12,550	\$147,580



Percentage of Rail-Freight Primary Corridor Route-Miles by Level of Service Grade

Percentage of Primary Corridor Route-Miles





Railroad Investment Capacity

Total Investment Needed

• \$148 billion

Class I Investment Capacity

• \$96 billion

Balance

• \$39 billion or ~\$1.4 billion per year



Highway and Transit Investment Needs

- NCHRP 20-24(49) Future Financing Options report combined capital investment requirements from 2004 U.S. DOT Conditions and Performance Report to Congress with estimates of noncapital operations, maintenance, and administrative costs
- Average annual gap between available revenues and need to maintain the current highway and transit systems: <u>\$58 billion</u>
- Average annual gap between available revenues and need to improve the nation's highway and transit systems: <u>\$119 billion</u>



What Are Other Countries Doing?

- Longer, heavier trucks
 - Australian road trains
 - Canadian doubles, triples

Truck toll collection systems

 Satellite-based truck tolling in Germany







Public Policy Issues Linked to Rising Freight Volumes

Mitigating community impacts from increased truck and rail freight

- Air quality, noise implications
- Traffic congestion complications
- Building institutions across states and regions to fund and deliver projects to expand highway and rail infrastructure capacity
- Creating revenue streams that capture economic gains from freight mobility and grow as freight volumes increase



Economic Implications of Rising Freight Volumes

Goods movement mobility is crucial for economic growth:

- For the national economy even though congestion is regional
- For multistate/megaregional economies even though chokepoints are local
- Unresolved freight congestion could increase costs and prices:
 - Leading to domestic inflation
 - Reducing global competitiveness



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